



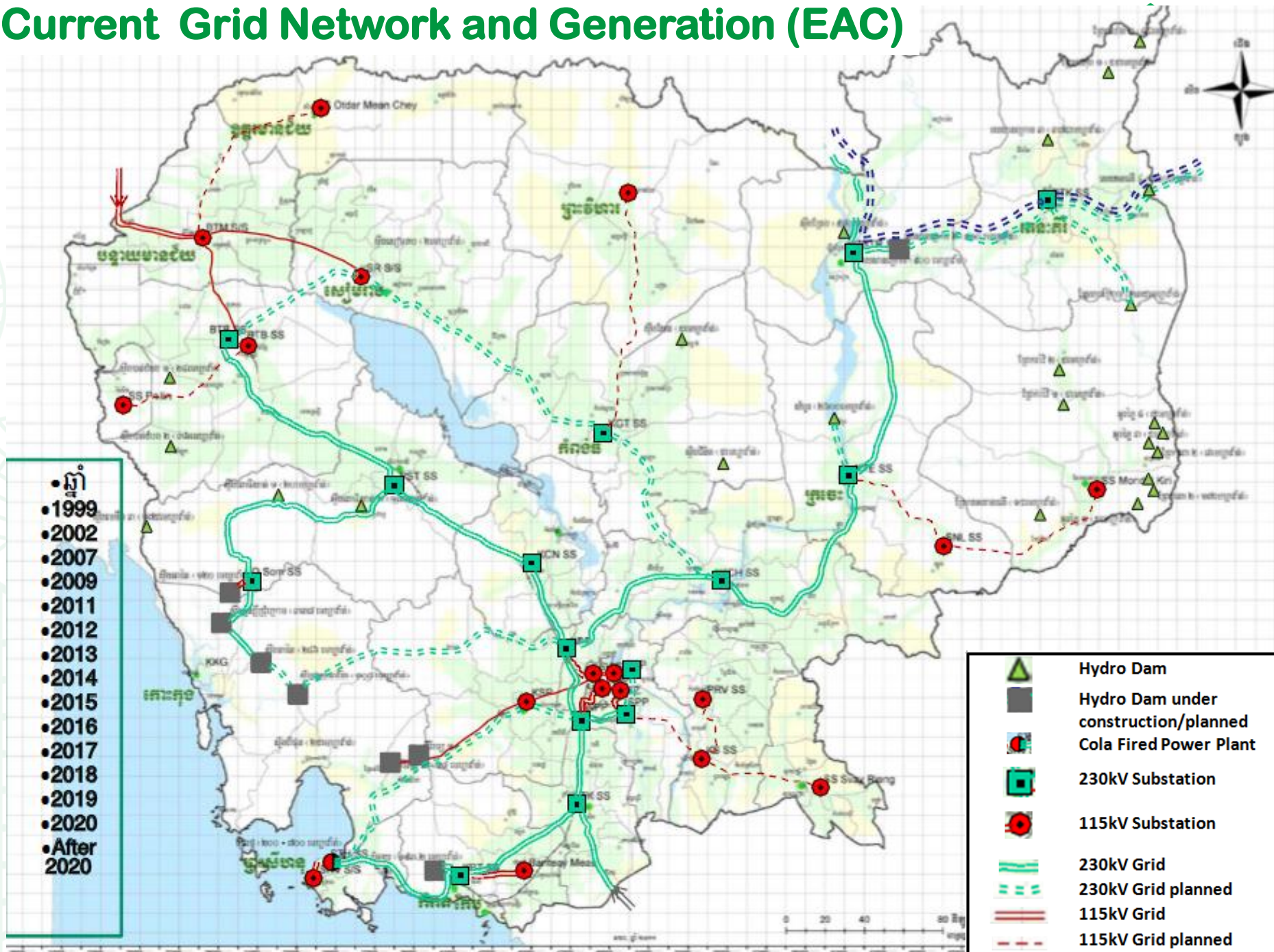
# Net-metering:

# My Solar – My Electricity

**APRIL 23<sup>RD</sup>**  
**RAFFLES HOTEL**  
**PHNOM PENH**

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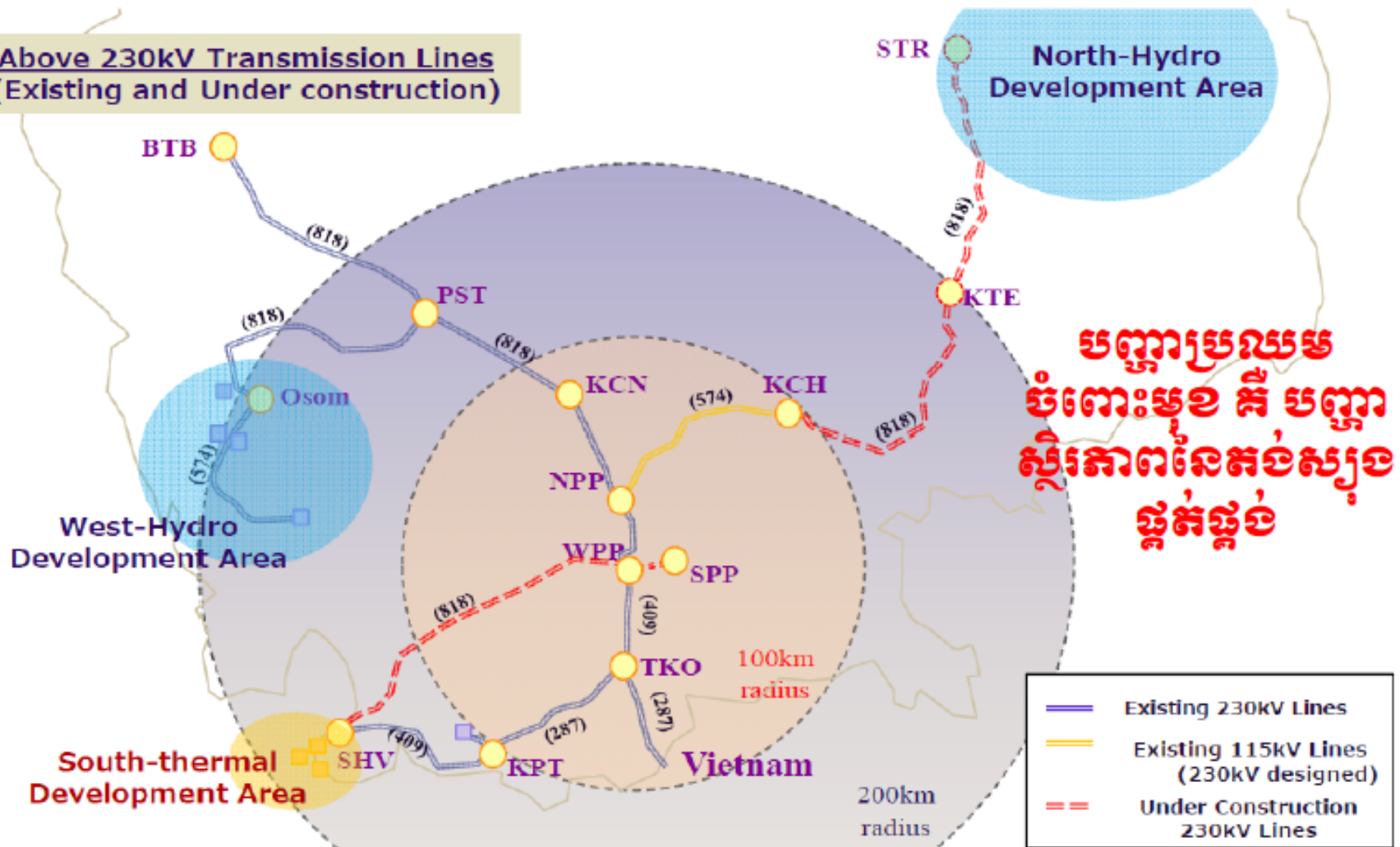
# Current Grid Network and Generation (EAC)



# Need for Decentralized Supply (EAC)

Since each power development area is more than 200km away from demand center of Phnom Penh, system stability is the dominant constraint in the grids.

Above 230kV Transmission Lines  
(Existing and Under construction)

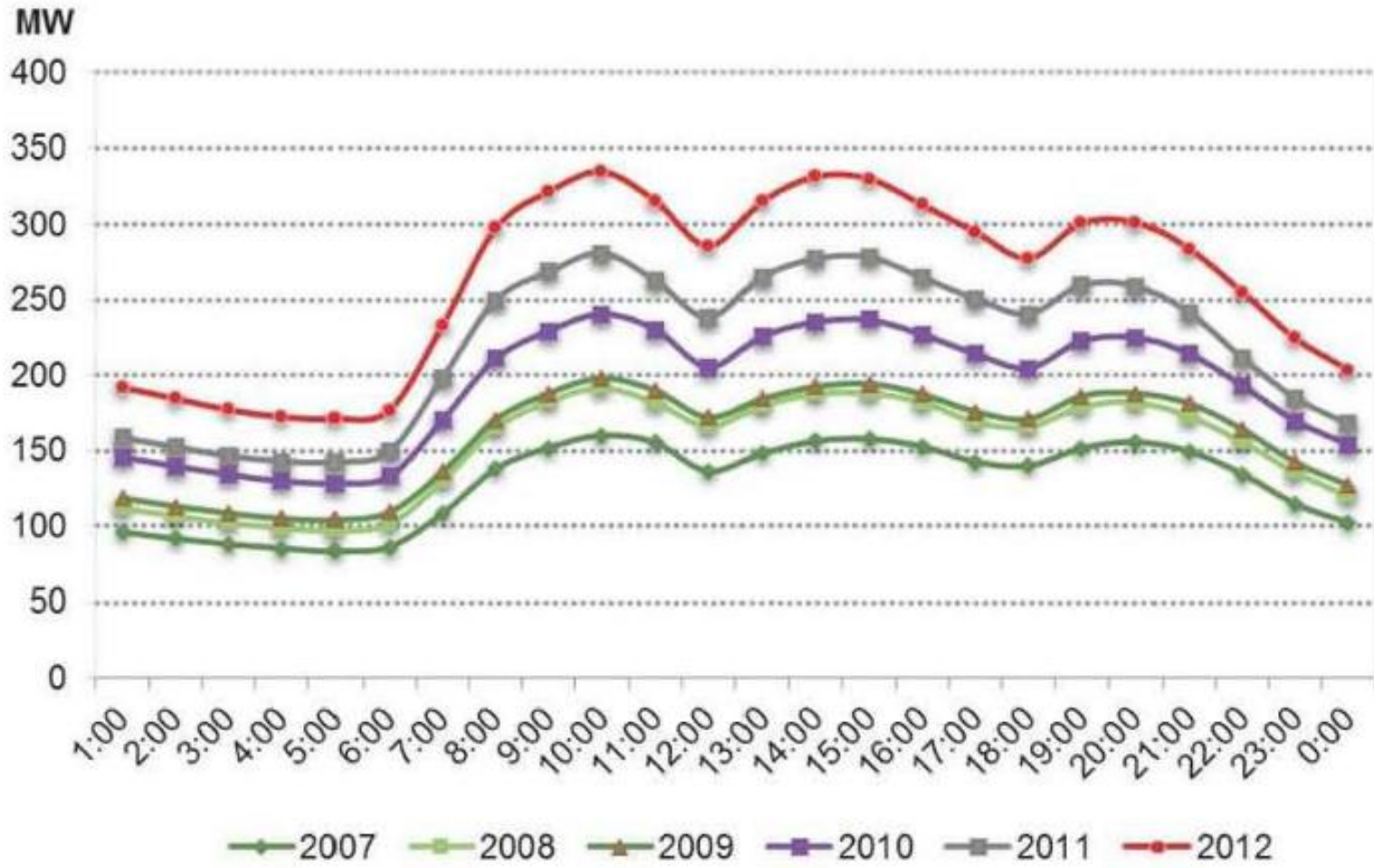




# Current Supply Situation

Electricity Supply in Cambodia	2013			2014			2015		
	MW	million kWh	%	MW	million kWh	%	MW	million kWh	%
<b>1 Generation</b>									
Coal	110	168	4.2	110	754	15.5	380	1,815	30
Hydro	344	1,015	25.1	682	1,760	36.1	682	2,306	38
Diesel/HFO	275	487	12	177	318	6.5	140	186	3
Biomass	15	6	0.1	15	3	1.5	16	3	0.1
Industry	23	75	0.9	23	73	0.3	15	12	1.3
<b>Total Generation</b>	<b>767</b>	<b>1,751</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>2,908</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>1,234</b>	<b>4,322</b>	<b>73</b>
<b>2. Imported</b>									
Thailand	96	579	14.3	136	579	11.9	136	533	8.9
Vietnam	196	1,691	41.8	196	1,358	27.8	226	1,018	17
Laos	2	11	0.3	2	13	0.3	2	20	0.3
<b>Total Imported</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>2,281</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>3,334</b>	<b>1,952</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>364</b>	<b>1,572</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>Total Generation + Import</b>	<b>1,087</b>	<b>4,050</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,358</b>	<b>4,873</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,620</b>	<b>5,971</b>	<b>100</b>

# Peak Demand Phnom Penh (EDC)



# Supply Challenge

## Issues with Hydro

- Limited hydro in dry season
- Hydro far away from load
- Expensive transport
- Protests against hydro
- Big climate impact (hydro generate methane emissions)

## Issues with Coal

- Big climate impact: local and global
- Huge environmental impact
- Need to import coal, not sustainable

# Supply Challenge

## Issues with imported electricity

- Long costly transmission distances
- Vietnam faces huge supply issues
- Dependent on neighbors
- Money flows outside the country

## Result current grid:

- Many blackout
- Costly transport (\$0.129 +per kWh after substation)
- Huge voltage drops
- Limited supply in dry season
- Causing production damage, many run diesel engines

# The Solution

## “My Solar” - “ My Electricity”

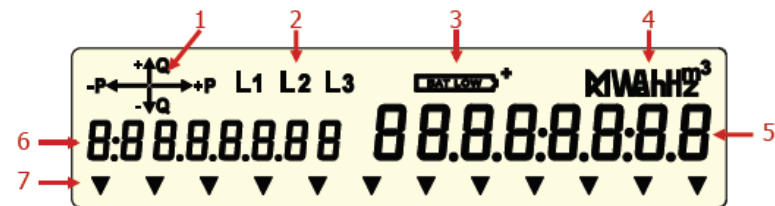
Electricity Generation by Cambodians for Cambodians at the location where it is used:

- Grid Connected Solar with Net-metering:



### The Landis+Gyr E650 Family - Visual Meter Interface

#### Liquid Crystal Display Elements



- 1) Energy-Direction, +P: Active Import; -P: Active Export; Q Reactive
- 2) Phase Voltage Presence, blinking for incorrect Phase-Sequence
- 3) Battery, blinking if Battery Voltage is to low
- 4) Field to indicate the Units of the Value
- 5) Field of 8 Digits for the Values
- 6) Field of 8 Digits for the OBIS Identification Code
- 7) 12 Arrows for status indication (e.g. active Rate)



# Contribution by Solar Partners Asia

Large Grid connected systems in areas of need with kWh below grid price:

- 5 MW Solar Farm in Bavet with Tai Seng SEZ, +5MW
- 5 MW with other SEZ in Bavet, +5MW
- 10 MW SEZ near Phnom Penh
- 2 MW in Kampong Cham
- Other projects in development

# MIME/EAC/EDC

## Request Government to solve challenges:

- Grid connected systems for industry to stabilize load and voltage at load locations:
- Pilot with 100 grid connected HH systems in PP:
- Formulation Prakas for net-metering:

# THANK YOU



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